

British Geography



- England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland are the countries that make up the United Kingdom.
- England is divided into regions: North East, North West, Yorkshire & Humberside, East Midlands, West Midlands, East Anglia. South East and South West.

Wales

- Wales is bordered to the east of England; its other borders are all with stretches of water: the Irish Seas, the Celtic Sea and the Bristol Channel.
- Wales is a bilingual country. This means that there are two official languages: English and Welsh.
- The highest mountain is Mount Snowdon, at 1,085 metre high.
- Rain falls abundantly on the mountains in Wales, and runs into lakes, rivers and waterfalls.
- The biggest rivers in Wales are the Wye, the Severn and the Dee.

Scotland

- Scotland lies in the northern part of the British Isles. It has a border with England to the south, the North Sea to the east, the Atlantic to the north and the Irish Sea to the south-west.
- In the far north of Scotland, there are two groups of islands: the Orkneys and Shetlands.
- Ben Nevis is the tallest mountain in the British Isles at 1,344 metres.
- The mountainous area of Scotland, in the North West of the country, is known as the Highlands.
- Edinburgh is the capital city of Scotland, and the second largest city in the country.
- Glasgow is Scotland's biggest city.

North West

- The counties of Lancashire and Cumbria form the North West of England.
- Liverpool and Manchester are two of the biggest cities in the North West.
- The Lake District has England's highest mountain, deepest lakes and some of its most beautiful views.

North East

- The counties of Northumberland and Durham form the North of England.
- The Pennines divide the North West from the North East and Yorkshire.

Key words:

Region – an area of land that has common features.

County – a territorial division of a country.

Bilingual Country – a country that uses two different languages.

Human geography – the study of human activities in an area.

Physical geography – the study of natural features on the Earth's surface.