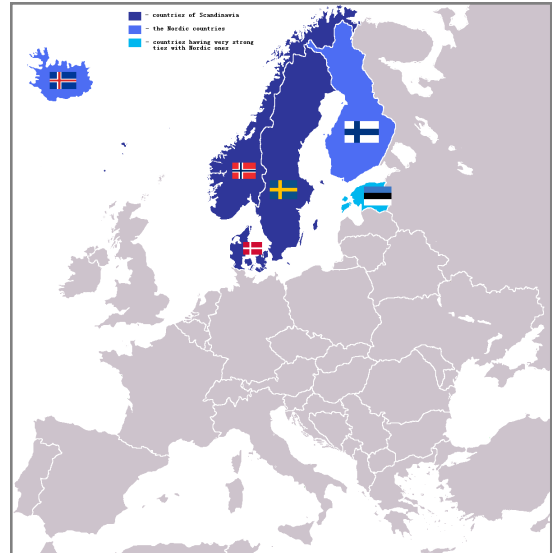


Geography

Northern Europe



- ◇ Countries in northern Europe include: Denmark, Finland, Norway, Sweden and Iceland.
- ◇ These countries are sometimes called 'Scandinavia'.
- ◇ Some of northern Europe is very cold and snowy.
- ◇ The countries of northern Europe have large capital cities.
- ◇ The northern parts of Scandinavia have mountains, valleys and lakes.
- ◇ Most people live further south where it is usually warmer.
- ◇ Much of northern Europe is closer to the North Pole than the UK.
- ◇ It is very cold in the winter in northern Europe.
- ◇ Animals, plants and people have adapted to the cold weather.
- ◇ Mammals such as bears, moose, beavers and lynx live in northern Europe.
- ◇ Some animals have adapted to live in the cold climate.
- ◇ Some animals migrate, which means they travel and live in other places at other times of the year.
- ◇ Roald Amundsen was an explorer.
- ◇ He was born in Norway.
- ◇ He led the first successful expedition to the South Pole.
- ◇ The location of northern Europe means it has quite warm summers and very cold winters.
- ◇ There are cities, towns, villages, lakes and mountains in northern Europe.



Key words:

Scandinavia—The countries in northern Europe: Denmark, Sweden, Finland and Norway.

Climate—the weather in a place over a long period of time.

Weather—the outside atmosphere (rain, cloudy, sunny, windy)

Migration—the movement from one place to another.

Compass—an object used to help with directions.

Adapt—to change or adjust to something.

Explorer—a person who explores and/or finds a new place.

Human features—things built by humans: man-made.

Physical features—things found in a natural environment; not man-made.

Inuits—A group of people who live in Scandinavia and the Arctic.

